carrier: Hapag-Lloyd Aktiengesellschaft, Hamburg Shipper: KUEHNE + NAGEL SAA DIAGONAL 6 10-50, ZONA 10, EDIFICIO INTERAMERICAS - WORLD FIN. CENTER TORRE NORTE NIVEL 12, OFICINA 1204 Carrier's Reference: AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE VAT-ID-No: Consignee (not negotiable unless consigned to order): KUEHNE + NAGEL S.A.S. AV CIRCUNVALAR NR 8B-51 EDIFICIO BANCAFE OFICINA 301 Hamburg PEREIRA COLOMBIA AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE D-20095 Notify Address (Carrier not responsible for failure to notify; see clause 20 (1) hereof): KUEHNE + NAGEL S.A.S.

Hapag-Lloyd

B/L-No.: 57110728

HLCUGU2190658196

Export References:

7910045890601500

Forwarding Agent:

KUEHNE + NAGEL SAA

DIAGONAL 6 10-50, ZONA 10, EDIFICIO INTERAMERICAS - WORLD FIN. *

AV CIRCUNVALAR NR 8B-51 EDIFICIO BANCAFE OFICINA 301 PEREIRA COLOMBIA AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE

Consignee's Reference:

Place of Receipt:

Vessel(s):

25

Voyage-No.:

MAIPO

923 EPlace of Delivery:

Port of Loading:

PUERTO QUETZAL

Port of Discharge:

BUENAVENTURA

Container Nos., Seal Nos.; Marks and Nos. Number and Kind of Packages, Description of Goods Gross Weight:

Measurement:

CLHU 3272196 920 PACKAGES

17572,00

20,000

SEAL:

R20 PILA VARTA SUPER

KGM

MTO

HLD6605095

WINDOW PACK (240)

HS-CODE: 85 06 10

1 CONT. 20'X8'6" GENERAL PURPOSE CONT. SLAC*

1 CONT. 20'X8'6" GENERAL PURPOSE CONT. SLAC*

TTNU 3557235 920 PACKAGES

17572,00

KGM

20,000 MTO

SEAL: HLD6605097 R20 PILA VARTA SUPER WINDOW PACK (240)

HS-CODE: 850610

HS-CODE: 85 06 10

Shipper's declared Value [see clause 7(2) and 7(3)] Total No. of Containers received by the Carrier: Packages received by the Carrier: Movement: Currency: FCL/FCL Charge Rate Basis Wt/Vol/Val P/C Amount

Above Particulars as declared by Shipper. Without responsibility or warranty as to correctness by Carrier [see clause 11]

OF WAIT DITTY AS TO COTTECTIONS BY CATTER [SEE CIRCLISE TI]

RECEIVED by the Carrier from the Shipper in apparent good order and condition (unless otherwise noted herein) the total number or quantity of Containers or other packages or units indicated in the box opposite entitled "Total No. of Containers/Packages received by the Carrier" for Carriage subject to all the terms and conditions hereof (INCLUDING THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS ON THE REVERSE HEREOF AND THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CARRIER'S APPLICABLE TARIFF) from the Place of Receipt or the Port of Loading, whichever is applicable, to the Port of Discharge or the Place of Delivery, whichever is applicable. One original Bill of Lading, duly endorsed, must be surrendered by the Merchant to the Carrier in exchange for the Goods or a delivery order. In accepting this Bill of Lading the Merchant carries and accepts and agrees to all its terms and conditions whether cripted, stanged or written or otherwise. expressly accepts and agrees to all its terms and conditions whether printed, stamped or written, or otherwise incorporated, notwithstanding the non-signing of this Bill of Lading by the Merchant.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the number of original Bills of Lading stated below all of this tenor and date has be one of which being accomplished the others to stand void.

Place and date of issue:

GUATEMALA CITY

10.JUL.2019

Freight payable at:

Number of original Bs/L:

ORIGIN

3

Total Freight Prepaid Total Freight Collect Total Freight

FOR ABOVE NAMED CARRIER HAPAG LLOYD GUATEMALA Hapag-Lloy Guatemala,

"Goods"

"Servants or Agents"

"US COGSA" "Vessel" "VGM"

means the Baltic and International Maritime Council.
means the whole or any part of the operations and services undertaken by Carnier in respect of the Goods covered by this Bill of Lading,
means the party named on page 2 of this Bill of Lading,
includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, flat, or any similar article
used to consolidate Goods and any connected equivment.

"Carrier" "Container" "Freight"

includes any container, trafler, transportable tank, flat, or any similar article used to consolidate doods and any comercied equipment, the applicable tariff and this Bill of Lading, means the whole or any part of the cargo received from the applicable tariff and this Bill of Lading, means the whole or any part of the cargo received from the shipper and includes any equipment or Container not supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier, means the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules relating to Bills of Lading of 1924 only, means the Hague Rules including the Visby amendments of 1968 and the amendments by the Protocol of 1979. Includes the booking party, shipper and consignee named on page 2 hereof, holder, receiver of the Goods or of this Bill of Lading, and any person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods or dish Bill of Lading. Includes the owners, managers and operators of any Vessel (other than Carrier), master, officers and crew of the Vessel(s), charterers, slot and space charterers, the Vessel, all underlying carriers, beliese, direct and indirect subconterers, the Vessel, all underlying carriers, beliese, direct and indirect subconterers. "Hague Rules"

"Hague-Visby Rules"

"Merchant"

er), master, officers and crew of the Vessel(s), charterers, siot and space charterers, the Vessel, all underlying carriers, ballees, direct and indirect subcontractors, stevedores, terminal and groupage operators, road and rail transport operators, or any other party employed by or on behalf of Carrier, or whose services or equipment have been used to perform this contract whether in direct contractual privity with Carrier or not. means the US Carriago of Goods by Sea Act 1936. means any vessel including but not limited to a main line vessel, feeder ship, barge or any other means of conveyance by water used for the Carriage of the Goods under this Bill of Lading, means the veffield gross mass obtained by one of the permissible methods pursuant to ch. VI, part A, reg. 2 paragraph 4 of SOLAS 1974 (as amended from time to time) and the applicable regulations of the State of the loading port.

2. Carrier's Tariff

The terms and conditions of Carrier's applicable tariff are incorporated herein, including but not limited to terms and conditions relating to demurage and detention. The provisions relevant to the applicable tariff can be acquired from Carrier or his Agents upon request. Carrier's standard afriff can be accessed online at www.hapag-loyd.com. In the case of any inconsistency between this Bill of Lading and the applicable tariff, this Bill of Lading shall prevail.

3. Warranty

Warranty
 Merchant warrants that in agreeing to the Terms and Conditions hereof he is, or has the authority of, the
 person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods and this Bill of Lading.

Merchant warrants that in agreeing to the Terms and Conditions hereof he is, or has the authority of, the person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods and this Bill of Lading.

4. Sub-Contracting and Indemnity
(1) Carrier shall be entitled to sub-contract on any terms whatsoever the whole or any part of the Carriage, including but not limited to loading, unloading, storing and warehousing.
(2) Merchant hereby agrees that no Servarits or Agents are, or shall be deemed to be liable with respect to the Goods or the Carriage as Carrier, balle or or otherwise, and agrees not to file any claim against any Servant or Agents serves as Carrier, balle or or otherwise, and agrees not to file any claim against any servant or file produces to the foregoing, all rights, exemptions, defenses, and limitations of and exoneration from liability provided by law or by these Terms and Conditions, including the jurisdiction clause, shall be available to every Servant or Agent and Vessel which shall be entitled to enforce same against Merchant.

against Merchant.
(3) The provisions of Clause 4 (2) shall extend to claims of whatsoever nature against other persons chartering space on the carrying Vessel. 5. Carrier's Responsibility (1) Port-to-Port Shipment

| Port-to-Port Shipment |
(a) When loss or damage has occurred to the Goods between the time of loading on the Vessel and the time of discharge from the Vessel, the responsibility of Carrier shall be determined in accordance with German law making the Hague Rules compulsionly applicable. The BIMCO Paramount Clause General shall be incorporated herein.
(b) However, in the event that the Bill of Lading covers a shipment from or to the USA, US COGSA shall gover and apply from loading the Goods on the Vessel until discharge. US COGSA shall also be applicable during all times before the Goods are loaded on or after they are discharged from the Vessel

Vessel.

(O Carrier shall not be responsible for any fault of its personnel and of the Vessel's crew (as defined in § 478 German Commercial Code) in cases of damage or loss caused by fire or explosion on board the Vessel or caused by the navigation or management of the Vessel, in the latter case save for damage or loss caused when executing measures which were predominantly taken in the interest of the Goods ("Error in Navigation and Fire Defenses").

(d) Carrier shall not be responsible for any fault of other persons involved in the navigation or management of the Vessel, in cases of damage or loss caused by the navigation or the management of the Vessel, since the case of the Vessel, and the Vessel of the Vessel, and the Vessel, and the Vessel of the Vessel, and the Vessel, and the Vessel, and the Vessel of the Vessel

save for damage of loss caused when exectung measures which were predominantly taken in the interest of the Goods. Carrier is not deemed to have custody of the Goods. Carrier is not responsible for acts or omissions of a terminal operator to which the Goods were submitted. (I) Unless notice of loss or damage be given in writing to Carrier or its agent at the port of discharge before or at the time of the removal of the Goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof under the Bill of Lading, or, if the loss or damage is not apparent, within three (3) days, such removal shall be prima fazie evidence of the delivery by Carrier as described in this Bill of Lading and any such loss or damage which may have occurred to the Goods shall be deemed to be due to circumstances which are not the responsibility of Carrier. The notice must clearly specify the damage. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, if a Container has been delivered to Merchant, Merchant must prove that the damage to or loss of the Goods did not cour during the period after delivery, when the Container was in the custody of Merchant. (3) Compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the Goods at the place and the time they are delivered to Merchant, or at the place and the time they are delivered to Merchant, or at the place and the time they are delivered for the coods, the sound value of the Goods is agreed to be the invoice value plus Preight and insurance if paid.

Multimodal Transport

(2) Multimodel Transport
(a) If the place of damage to or loss of the Goods is known, the responsibility of Carrier is determined
by the law which applies to this leg of Carriage except in cases which are governed by Clause 5 (2)
(d) below.

(d) below.

(b) if it is established that loss or damage occurred during the port-to-port leg the "Error in Navigation and Fire Defenses" as per Clause 5 (1) (b) apply.

(c) if it is established that loss or damage occurred during the port-to-port leg, Clause 5 (1) (c) shall

(a) the event that part of the multimodal transport involves a shipment to or from the USA, US COSSA shall allower and apply from loading the Goods on the Vessel until discharge, US COSSA shall also be applicable during all times before loading and after discharge of the Goods from the Vessel (e) With respect to road Carriage between countries in Europe liability shall be determined in accordance with the Convention on the Contract for the International Carriage of Goods by Road (CMMS), dated May 19, 1956; and during rail Carriage between countries in Europe according to the International Agreement on Railway Tansports (CIMI), dated February 25, 1961 or any amendments to this Convention or Agreement.

this Convention or Agreement. (
In these sonice of loss or damage be given in writing to Carrier or its agent at the port of discharge before or at the time of the removal of the Goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof under the contract of Carriage, or, if the loss or damage is not apparent within seven (7) days, such removal shall be prima facie evidence of the delivery by Carrier as described in this still of Lading. The notice must clearly specify the damage. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, if a Container has been delivered to Merchant, Menchant must prove that the damage to or loss of the Goods did not occur during the period after delivery, when the Container was in the custody of Merchant.

(g) Compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the Goods at the time they were

(g) Compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the Goods at the time they were delivered to Carrier for Carriago.

(h) IN THE EVENT THAT THE LAW WHICH IS APPLICABLE UNDER CLAUSE 5 (2) (a) IS NOT MANDATORY BUT PROVIDES FOR LABILITY EXCEEDING 2 SDRS PER KILO, THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY SHALL BE 2 SDRS PER KILO OF THE GROSS WEIGHT OF THE GOODS LOST OR DAMAGED. SDRS MEANS SPECIAL DRAWING RIGHTS AS DEFINED BY THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND. THIS SUB-SECTION (h) DOES NOT APPLY IF THE LOSS OR DAMAGE TO THE GOODS COCURRED ON A SEA LEG.

(i) IF THE STAGE OF THE CARRIAGE DURING WHICH LOSS OR DAMAGE COCURRED IS NOT KNOWN, CARRIER'S MAXIMUM LIABILITY SHALL IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER AND HOWSOEVER ARISING EXCEED 2 SDRS PER KILD OF GROSS WEIGHT OF THE GOODS LOST OR DAMAGED.

AGED, O CARRIER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFIT OF THE LIMITATION OF LIABILITY PRO-VIDED FOR IN CLAUSE 5 (2) (n) AND 0) IF IT IS PROVED THAT THE DAMAGE RESULTED FROM AN ACT OR OMISSION OF CARRIER OR ITS SERVANTS OR AGENTS DONE WITH INTENT TO CAUSE DAMAGE, OR RECKLESSLY AND WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT DAMAGE WOULD PROBA-

BLY RESULT.

(8) Subject to the applicable restrictions in statutory law and international conventions, Carrier shall not be liable for damage caused by error in navigating or handling the Vessel, including errors caused by the arrangement of a group of tigs or pushers.

(3) Change of Destination by Merchant in the event that Merchant requests Carrier to deliver the Goods at a port or place other than the port of discharge or the place of delivery originally designated in this Bill of Lading and Carrier in its absolute discretion agrees to such request, such further Carriage will be undertaken on the basis that the Bill of Lading Terms and Conditions are to apply to such Carriage as if the utilimate destination agreed with Merchant had been entered on page 2 of this Bill of Lading as the port of discharge or place of delivery.

5. Time for Sult in any event, Carrier shall be discharged from all East-like in

6. Time for Suft in any event, Carrier shall be discharged from all liability in respect of loss of or damage to the Goods, non-delivery, mis-delivery, delay or any other loss or damage connected or related to the Carriage unless suit is brought within one (1) year after delivery of the Goods or the date when the Goods should have

7. Sundry Liability Provisions (1) Hague Rules Provisions (1) Hague Rules Plague-Visby Rules Without prejudice to Clause 5 (2) hereof, in the event that suit is brought in a court other than the court as provided for in Clause 25, and Clause 25 is not enforced by Carrier or the court, then (a) if this Bill of Lading has been issued in a country where the Hague-Visby Rules are computarily applicable, Carrier's liability shall not exceed 2 SDRs per package of the Goods lost or damaged, whichever is higher, or (j) if this Bill of Lading has been issued in a country in which the Hague Rules apply, Carrier's liability shall not exceed GBP 100 per package or unit.

which the Hague Rules apply, Carrier's liability shall not exceed GBP 100 per package or unit.

(2) US COSSA

Notwithstanding Clause 7(1), if the Bill of Lading covers a shipment to or from the US, and suit is brought in a court other than as provided in Clause 25, and Clause 25 is not enforced by Carrier or the Court, then US COSSA shall all analy. The provisions of US COSSA shall also govern during all times before the Goods are loaded on and after they are discharged from the Vessel. Carrier's maximum liability in respect to the Goods shall not exceed USD 500 per package or, where the Goods are not shipped in packages, USD 500 per customary freight unit unless the nature and value of the Goods has been declared by Merchant and inserted in writing on page 2 of the Bill of Lading and said Merchant shall have paid the applicable ad valorem freight rate set forth in Carrier's tanff.

Shipper's declared value

Merchant agrees and acknowledges that Carrier has no knowledge of the value of the Goods and that compensation higher than that provided for herein may not be claimed unless the nature and value of such Goods have been declared by Merchant, agreed to by Carrier, and inserted into the Bill of Lading before shipment. In addition the applicable ad valorem freight rate as set out in Carrier's tariff must be paid. Any partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rate on the basis of such declared value. If the declared value is higher than the net invoice value of the Goods and line to the short of the Vesse, seles contracts, invoices or order number and/or details of any contract to which Carrier is not a party shall not be graded as a declaration of value.

(4) Limitation of Llability

It is hereby agreed by Merchant that Carrier qualifies as a person entitled to limit liability under any Convention or Act pertaining to limitation of liability on maritime claims, whichever is applicable. Carrier may be the ship-owner, charterer (including a slot- or space charterer), manager or operator of the Vesse), or salvo

avalations to Garries.

) Delay
(a) Unless expressly agreed, Carrier does not undertake that the Goods shall arrive at the port of discharge or place of delivery at any particular time or to meet any particular market or use, and Carrier shall not be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential loss or damage caused by delay.

(i) If Carrier with levertheless be considered lable for loss or damage resulting from delay, such liability
(ii) Sub-section (b) shall not apply if the law governing a particular loss or damage resulting from delay provides for a lower similation amount.

(i) Cl. 7 (5) I and (b) shall not apply if the delay was caused by Carrier or its Servants or Agents with the intention to cause damage, or recklessly or with knowledge that such damage would probably result.

ne of Application and Exclusions

Scope of Application and Exclusions (a) The representations and liberties of whatsoever nature pro-vided for in this Bill of Lading or under statute shall apply in any action against Carrier for loss or damage or cleak, howsever occurring and whether the action be founded in contract or in the (b) Save as otherwise provided herein, Carrier shall in no circumstances whatsoever and howsever arising be liable for direct or indirect or consequential loss or damage or loss of business or profits, unless it is established that Carrier himself acted with the intent to cause damage, or recklessly and

arising be liable for direct or indirect or consequential loss or damage or loss of business or profits, unless it its established that Carrier himself acted with the intent to cause damage, or recklessly and with knowledge that damage would probably result.

8. Shipper-Packed Containers
If a Container has not been packed by or on behalf of Carrier.
(1) Carrier shall not be liable for loss of or damage to the Goods caused by:
(a) the manner in which the Container has been packed or
(b) the unsuitability or defective condition of the Container supplied or
(c) the unsuitability or defective condition of the Container supplied or
(c) the unsuitability or defective condition of the Container or the incorrect setting of any refrigeration controls or ventiation settings thereof, provided that if the Container has been ap-parent upon inspection by Merchant at or prior to the time when the Container was packed or
(2) pecking refrigerated Goods that are not at the correct temperature for Carriage.
(2) Microhant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss, damage, liability or expense whatsoever and howsoever arising caused by one or more matters referred to in Clause 8 (1).
(3) With regard to temperature- or matters referred to in Clause 8 (1).
(3) With regard to temperature- or matters referred to in Clause 8 (1).
(4) All the regard to temperature in contract of Carriage and shall have no liability whatsoever if such Goods are carried in a range of plus or minus 2,5 degrees Celsius with regard to any temperature indicated on page 2 of this Bill of Lading. The term "apparent good order and condition" when used in this Bill of Lading with reference to the Goods which require refrigeration does not mean that the Goods when received were verified by Carrier as being at the temperature indicated on page 2 of this Bill of Lading. Where a temperature is indicated Carrier undertakes that the Container is equipped to maintain the temperature is including but not limitted to the Goods being at a higher temperature upon loading into

Carrier:

(4) Container with Goods packed by Merchant shall be delivered to Carrier with an intact high security seal in place, and the seal number provided to Carrier by Merchant. In the event the Container is not so sealed, Carrier reserves the right, at Merchant's expense, for return the Container to Merchant for resealing, or to affix a seal.

9. Inspection of Goods Carrier or any Servant or Agent or any other person authorized by Carrier shall be entitled, but under no obligation, to open any Container or package at any time and to inspect the Goods. If, by order of the authorities at any place, a Container has to be opened for the Goods to be inspected, Carrier will not be liable for any loss or dramage incurred as a result of such opening, unpacking, inspection or repacking from Macrobart half be entitled to recover the costs of such opening, unpacking, inspection and repacking from Macrobart

Carrier shall be entitled to recover the costs of such opening, unpacking, inspection and repacking from Merchant.

10. Carriage Affected by Condition of Goods
11 appears at any time that, due to their condition, the Goods cannot safely or properly be carried further or without furning additional expense to their or without furning additional expense to relating any measure(s) in relation to the Container or the Goods, Carrier may, without notice to Merchant, take any measure(s) and/or incur any additional expense to carry or to continue the Carriage thereof, and/or sell or dispose of the Goods, and/or shandon the Carriage and/or store them ashore or afloat, under cover or in the open, at any place, whichever Carrier, in a shoulted six osciention, considers most appropriate, which abandonment, strange, sale or disposal shall be deemed to constitute due delivery under this Bill of Lading. Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any additional expenses so incurred. In Particulars relating to the Goods as set out on page 2 have been checked by the shipper on receipt of this Bill of Lading and that such particulars, and any other particulars trunished by or on behalf of the shipper, are adequate and correct. The shipper also warants that the Goods are lawful Goods and contain no contraband.

(2) Carrier is neither prepared to enter into a contrat of Carriage nor to issue a Bill of Lading regarding High Value Cargo without Carrier's prior written consent to perform such a carriage. High Value Cargo shall consists of Goods with an involve value of USD 2,00,000 or above. Carrier shall be discharged from all liability in respect of loss or damage to such Goods, non-delivery, delay or any other loss connected or related to the Carriage in case of failure to declare any High Value Cargo and seek Carrier's spiror written consent to perform such a carriage. High Value Cargo and seek Carrier's spiror written consent to perform such a carriage. High Value Cargo and seek Carrier's spiror written consent to perform such a car

rier's said consent.

rier's said consent.

2. Merchant's Responsibility

) All persons coming within the definition of Merchant shall be jointly and severally liable to Carrier for the fulfillment of all obligations and warranties undertaken by Merchant either in this Bill of Lading, or required by law. Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all claims, losses, damages, expenses, fines, costs and attorneys fees, arising or resulting from any breach of these obligations and warranties.

(2) It is the sole responsibility of the shipper to provide Carrier electronically or by any other means as agreed by the parties with the VGM of each Container prior to the deadline shipulated by Carrier for submission VGM cutoff time). If VGM is not provided in time by the shipper or its representative, carrier shall be under no obligation to commence or continue Carriage of that Container. (a) Carrier may store/re-weigh or return the Container to the shipper or its representative, carrier shall be contained to the container to the shipper or its representative into first excount if VGM is not provided in time. (b) Any demurrage and storage fees resulting from breach of these obligations shall be for Merchant's account.

account.

(3) Merchant shall also be liable for any resulting expenses, fines, delay, loss or damage.

(3) Merchant shall comply with all regulations or requirements of customs, ports and/or other authorities, including but not limited to those relating to VGM, and shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, imposts, expenses or closes (including Feight for any additional Carriage) incurred or suffered by reason of any failure to so comply, or by reason of any illegal, incorrect, or insufficient weighing, marking, number or addressing of the Goods or Containers or the discovery of any drugs, narodics, stowaways or other illegal substances within Containers packed by Merchant or inside Goods supplied by Merchant, or stamp duty imposed by any country, and shall indemnify Carrier in respect thereof.

thereof.

(4) If Containers supplied by or on behalf of Carrier are unpacked at Merchant's premises, Merchant is responsible for returning the empty Containers (free of any dangerous goods placards, labels or markings), with interiors brushed and clean, to the point or place designated by Carrier, its Servants or Agents, within the time prescribed. Should a Container not be returned within the time prescribed in the tarriff, Merchant shall be liable for any detention, loss or expenses which may arise from such . ISPS Code

13. ISPS Code. (1) Merchant shall comply with the requirements of the ISPS Code. If Carrier is held liable by any State Authority or any other third party Merchant shall indemnify and hold Carrier harmless from any damages resulting from the violation of the ISPS Code by Merchant. (2) Merchant undertakes to pay Carrier any costs or expresses whatsnever arising out of or related to security regulations or measures required by the port facility or any relevant authority in accordance with the ISPS Code in relation to Merchant's Goods.

(3) Carrier is entitled to deviate the Vessel to a different port and to unload the Goods there if the author ities in the port of discharge have increased their level of security according to the ISPS Code after the Goods have been loaded.

(4) Merchant undertakes to compensate any costs and expenses suffered by Carrier because of a delay
of the vessel resulting from a violation of the ISPS Code by Merchant.

(1) Freight shall be deemed fully earned on receipt of the Goods by Carrier and shall be paid and non-returnable in any event.

(2) Freight has been calculated and shall be paid on the basis of particulars furnished by or on behalf of the shipper. If the particulars furnished by or on behalf of the shipper are incorrect, liquidated damages shall be paid to Carrier, in accordance with the applicable tarrift.

(3) All Freight halb be paid whout any set-off or counterclaim unless the claim is not in dispute or confirmed by final court decision.

(8) If Merchant falls to pay the Freight when due, it shall be liable for all costs, liquidated damages in accordance with the applicable tarriff and in particular interest which accrues until payment.

Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods and any documents relations.

ance with the applicable tariff and in particular interest which accrues until payment.

15. Lien
Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods and any documents relating thereto for all sums payable by Merchant to Carrier under this or any other contract and for general everage and/or salvage contributions, to whomesover due. Carrier may exercise its lien at any time and in any place at its sole discretion, whether the contractual Carriage is completed or not. Carrier's lien shall extent to cover the cost and attorneys fees of recovering any sums time. Carrier shall have the right to sell the Goods at public or private sell at the expense and without notice to Merchant. If the proceeds of this sale fail to cover the whole amount due, Carrier is entitled to recover the deflict from Merchant.

16. Optional Stowage and Deck Carryo

(1) The Goods may be packed by Carrier in Containers and consolidated with other goods in Containers.

(2) Goods, whether or not packed in Containers, may be carried on deck or under deck without notice to Merchant and Carrier shall not be required to note on the Bill of Lading any statement of on-deck Carriage. All Goods whether carried on deck or under deck, shall participate in general average and the Carriage of such Goods is subject to all terms and conditions of the Bill of Lading.

17. Methods and Routes of Carriage or storage whatsoever, including the utilization of railway, road vehicle or inland river services;

(b) transfer the Goods from one conveyance to another, including but not limited to transshipping or carrying on another Vessel or conveyance to another, including but not limited to transshipping or carrying on another Vessel or conveyance to another, including but not limited to transshipping or carrying on another Vessel or conveyance to another, including but not limited to transport than that named on general carriers and the carriage and froverort them in a Con-

callying on anoutier vessel or conveyance or by any outer means of utarisport than that named on page 2;

(c) unpack and remove Goods which have been packed into a Container and forward them in a Container or otherwise;

(d) proceed by any route in its discretion (whether or not the nearest or most direct or customary or advertised route), at any speed, and proceed to or stay at any place or port whatsoever, once or more often and in any order;

(e) load or unload the Goods at any place or port (whether or not such port is named on page 2 as the Port of Loading or Port of Discharge) and store the Goods temporarily at any place or port whatsoever, once or more often and/or

(f) comply with any orders or recommendations given by any government or authority.

(2) The liberties set out in this Clause 17 may be invoked by Carrier for any purpose whatsoever, whether or not connected with the Carriage of the Goods, including loading or unloading other Goods, bunkering, undergoing repairs, adjusting instruments, picking up or landing any persons.

Anything done in accordance with Clause 17 (1) or any delay arising their from shall be deemed to be () within the contractual Carriage and shall not be a deviation and (i) Carrier shall be entitled to full charges and any additional Fright, storage and all other expenses incurred by or on behalf of Carrier, all of which shall be due and owing from Merchant, and Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods for the same.

same.

18. Matters Affecting Performance
If at any time the Carriage is or is likely to be affected by any hindrance, risk, danger, delay, difficulty or
disadvantage of any kind including but not limited to labour disruption such as strike and lock-out, war,
civil commotion, political unrest, piracy, act of terrorism and threat thereof and howsever arising leven
though the circumstances giving rise to such hindrance, risk, danger, delay, difficulty or disadvantage
seisted at the time this contract was entered into or when the Goods were received for the Carriage, the
Carrier (whether or not the Carriage is commenced) may, at its sole discretion and without prior notice to
Merchant, either.

Merchant, either: 1) carry the Goods to the contracted port of discharge or place of delivery, whichever is applicable, by an alternative route to that indicated on page 2 of this Bill of Lading or that which is usual for Goods consigned to that port of discharge or place of delivery and shall be entitled to charge such additional Freight; or Freight; or

Freight: or (2) suspend the Carriage of the Goods and store them ashore or afloat and endeavor to froward them as soon as reasonably possible and shall be entitled to charge such storage costs and additional Freight;

or
(3) abandon the Carriage of the Goods and place them at Merchant's disposal at any place or port which
Carrier may deem safe and convenient, whereupon the responsibility of Carrier in respect of such
Goods shall cease. Merchant shall pay any additional costs of the Carriage to, and delivery and storage at, such place or port.

18. Dangerous Goods

age at, such place or port.

19. Dangerous Boods

(1) No Goods which are or may become dangerous, inflammable or damaging (including radioactive materials), shall be tendered to Carrier for Carriage without its express consent in writing, and without the Container as well as the Goods themselves being distinctly marked on the outside so as to indicate the nature and character of any such Goods and so as to comply with any applicable laws, regulations or requirements, if any such Goods are delivered to Carrier without such written consent and/or marking, or if in the opinion of Carrier the Goods are or are likely to become of a dangerous, inflammable or damaging nature, they may at any time be destroyed, disposed of, abandoned, or rendered harmless without compensation to Merchant.

(2) Merchant warrants that the Goods are sufficiently packed in compliance with all laws or regulations and requirements with regard to the nature of the Goods.

(3) Whether or not Merchant was aware of the nature of the Goods, Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all claims, losses, changes or expenses, costs and fees, including attorneys fees, arising in consequence of the Carriage of such Goods.

(4) Nothing contained in this Clause shall deprive Carrier of any of its rights provided for elsewhere.

20. Notification and Delivery

(1) Carrier shall not be obliged to give any notification of the arrival of the Goods to the Merchant hereunder.

20. Notification and Delivery

(1) Carrier shall not be obliged to give any notification of the arrival of the Goods to the Merchant hereunders

(2) Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods within the time provided for in Carrier's applicable tariff.

(3) If Merchant fails to do so Merchant shall either nominate an alternative receiver or accept a return shipment or organize to desemble the cargo dispose, failing which Merchant shall indemnify Carrier for all losses arising out of Merchant's refusal to remedy the situation. Furthermore, Carrier shall be entitled, without notice, to unpack the Goods if packed in Containers and/or to store the Goods ashove, afloat, in the open or under cover, at the sole risk of Merchant. Such storage shall constitute due delivery hereunder, and thereupon the liability of Carrier in respect of the Goods stored as aforesaid shall wholly cease.

(3) Merchant fails to take delivery of the Goods within thirty days of delivery becoming due under Clause (3) Merchant fails to take delivery here will be constituted to the content of the Goods within thirty days of delivery becoming due under Clause (2) (2), or if in the opinion of Carrier they are likely to deteriorate, decay, become worthless or incur charges whether for storage or otherwise in excess of their value, Carrier may, without prejudice to any other rights which it may have against Merchant, without notice self, destroy or dispose of the Goods and apply any proceeds of sale in reduction of the sums due to Carrier from Merchant.

(4) Without prejudice to an earlier termination by virue of law or any other clause of this Bill of Lading the responsibility of Carrier shall cease and the Goods shall be considered to be delivered at their own risk and excesse in every respect when taken into the custody of customs or other authorities.

21. FCL Multiple Bills of Lading

(1) Goods will only be delivered in a Container to Merchant if all Bills of Lading with respect to the Container have been surrendered authorizing delivery to a si

from Carrier or its agents upon request. 24. Validity and Carrier's Data Protection Policy

24. Validity and Carrier's Data Protection Policy
(1) in the event that anything herein contained is inconsistent with any applicable international convention or national law which cannot be departed from by private contract, the provisions hereof shall to the extent of such inconsistency but not further be null and void. Unless otherwise specifically agreed in writing between Merchant and Carrier, the Terms and Conditions of this Bill of Lading supersede any prior agreements between Merchant and Carrier.
(2) Carrier's Data Protection Policy may be viewed at www.hilag.com.
25. Law and Jurisdiction
Except as otherwise provided specifically herein any claim, dispute, suit or proceeding arising under this Bill of Lading and/or the contract between Carrier and the booking party shall be governed by German law and shall be determined exclusively in the Hamburg courts. Carrier shall have the option to file a suit at Merchant's place of business.



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B/L-No. HLCUGU2190658196

Cont/Seals/Marks Packages/Description of Goods

Weight Measure

CRSU 1546501

1 CONT. 20'X8'6" GENERAL PURPOSE CONT. SLAC*

SEAL:

920 PACKAGES

17572,00

20,000

R20 PILA VARTA SUPER

KGM

MTO

HLD6605096

WINDOW PACK (240)

HS-CODE: 850610

HS-CODE: 85 06 10

PO 4502228522 / SKU 2020W-20A

HS-CODE : 85 06 10

*SLAC = Shipper's Load, Stow, Weight and Count

2760 PACKAGES

_____ 52716,00

CONSIGNEE'S NIT NUMBER: 800039996-1

SHIPPED ON BOARD, DATE: 10.JUL.2019 PORT OF LOADING: PUERTO QUETZAL

VESSEL NAME: MAIPO VOYAGE: 923E

Q1905GUA00235

FREIGHT PREPAID

CENTER

TORRE NORTE NIVEL 12, OFICINA 1204

AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE

NAME : VIVYAN GALVEZ

TELEPHONE : 23645060

E-MAIL : VIVYAN.GALVEZ@KUEHNE-NAGEL.COM

CHARGE

RATE BASIS W/M/V CURR

AMOUNT

THC ORIGIN

WHARFAG ADMIN ORIG SEAFREIGHT

CARR. SECURITY FEE

MARINEFUEL RECOVER

DOCUMENT FEE

SEALING CHARGE ORI

TMNL SECURITY DEST

THC DESTINATION

EQUIPM. MAINTEN. FEE



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